

Kod ucznia					Liczba punktów
JA	6				

**WOJEWÓDZKI KONKURS Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO**  
**DLA UCZNIÓW SZKÓŁ PODSTAWOWYCH**  
**W ROKU SZKOLNYM 2024/2025**  
***STOPIENÍ REJONOWÝ***

1. Test konkursowy zawiera 12 zadań. Są to zadania zamknięte i otwarte. Na ich rozwiązanie masz 90 minut. Sprawdź, czy test jest kompletny.
2. Zanim udzielisz odpowiedzi, uważnie przeczytaj treść zadania.
3. Wszystkie odpowiedzi czytelnie i wyraźnie wpisz w wyznaczonych miejscach.
4. Przy rozwiązywaniu zadań zamkniętych wyboru wielokrotnego wybierz prawidłową odpowiedź i zaznacz ją krzyżykiem, np.:

A

C

D

Jeżeli się pomyliś i zechcesz wybrać inną odpowiedź, to złe zaznaczenie otocz kółkiem  po czym skreśl właściwą literę, np.:

A

D

5. W innych zadaniach samodzielnie sformułuj odpowiedź i wpisz ją lub wykonaj zadanie zgodnie z instrukcją zawartą w poleceniu. Jeśli się pomyliś, wyraźnie skreśl błędą odpowiedź i czytelnie wpisz poprawną.
6. Test wypełniaj długopisem (z czarnym lub niebieskim tuszem nieścieralnym), nie używaj ołówka, korektora, ani gumki. Nie komunikuj się z innymi uczestnikami konkursu.
7. Sprawdź wszystkie odpowiedzi przed oddaniem testu.
8. Nie podpisuj testu, zostanie on zakodowany.
9. Brudnopis, dołączony do testu, nie podlega ocenie.

Numer zadania	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Razem
Liczba punktów	6	6	7	6	9	7	7	5	5	10	6	6	<b>80</b>

**Zadanie 1. (6 p.)**

Przeczytaj sześć krótkich tekstów. Zaznacz poprawne dokończenie (A, B lub C) każdego ze zdań (1.-6.), zgodnie z treścią tekstu.

<p><b>Harrods for festive evenings</b></p> <p>There's something special about winter nights when everyone has gathered to share laughs and stories, but no evening is complete without tasty snacks and delicious beverages. Whether relaxing with friends over coffee and a slice of Christmas cake or playing games with family while enjoying tea, The Silent Night Basket by Harrods has everything you need. Order it here.</p>	<p><b>1. The author of this text</b></p> <p>A. informs readers about a winter sale. B. invites friends to Christmas dinner. C. encourages people to do some shopping.</p>
<p><b>Discover the birthplace of Queen Victoria</b></p> <p>This permanent exhibition, opened at Kensington Palace to celebrate the 200th anniversary of Victoria's birth, explores how a young princess blossomed into an independent and iconic monarch.</p> <p>Tickets included in palace admission</p>	<p><b>2. This note states that the exhibition</b></p> <p>A. is temporary. B. is for young people only. C. is free for the palace visitors.</p>
<p><b>Destination</b></p> <p>Are you passionate about cinema and adventure? We are looking for people interested in attending a film festival in Venice and sharing travel expenses. This is a great opportunity to enjoy some fantastic films and meet new people at a reasonable price.</p>	<p><b>3. This text was written by someone who:</b></p> <p>A. wants to pay less for the festival tickets. B. would like to make an affordable journey. C. advertises a new film festival in Venice.</p>
<p><b>Deluxe Snorkel Set</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Weekly rental. Regularly \$59 per set, now only \$29.50 per set.</li> <li>Includes our highest quality silicone mask, high performance snorkel, comfort fins, carry bag, island map, anti-fog solution, snorkel tips &amp; safety info.</li> <li>Includes FREE beach chair or body board.</li> <li>Our weekly rentals include a free week. Keep your set up to 14 days.</li> </ul>	<p><b>4. This text is for a person who:</b></p> <p>A. wants to buy a snorkel set at a lower price. B. needs to borrow a snorkel set. C. gets a snorkel set for free.</p>
<p><b>NHS Health Check letter</b></p> <p>We are inviting you to come for a free health check. It is offered to people between 40 and 75. It can tell you if you're at a higher risk of getting health problems. The health check usually takes around 20 minutes and is based on a number of questions and tests. These include: blood pressure, height/weight and lifestyle.</p>	<p><b>5. According to the text, the health checks:</b></p> <p>A. are for people over forty. B. cost £75. C. take more than half an hour.</p>
<p><b>About Glasto</b></p> <p>The Glastonbury Festival is a five-day festival of contemporary performing arts held in Somerset, England. In addition to contemporary music, the festival hosts dance, comedy, circus, cabaret and other arts.</p>	<p><b>6. What is the Glastonbury Festival famous for?</b></p> <p>A. Classical music B. Modern stage arts C. Fitness activities</p>

**Zadanie 2. (6 p.)**

Przeczytaj pięć tekstów oznaczonych literami a-e. Przy każdym zdaniu (1.–6.) wpisz w tabeli literę odpowiadającą właściwemu tekstu. Jeden z tekstów pasuje do dwóch zdań.

**City Museum**

This weekend: dinosaur drawing for children aged 4 to 8 (adults, please stay, you can take part in the activities, too). Making a pyramid and watching a video about ancient Egypt for children aged 9 to 10. We have tablets with the new museum app *Imagine*: you can look at sites where dinosaur bones have been found as if you were there, you can select tools to use and make real discoveries. Every activity is free of charge.

a.

b. We have exhibitions on transport through the ages from ancient Greece to the 21st century. A great place to visit if you like trains, planes and automobiles! Don't miss it! It's a wonderful journey through history.

**Transport Museum**

c. Read about the history of glass-making. Watch a glass-making demonstration and visit the gift shop where you can buy amazing glass items, including jewellery. Our new collection has just arrived. There are earrings, bracelets and rings. All designs are original and unique.

**History Museum: Looking Back**

*Looking Back* is a special exhibition that explores the history of the past 100 years looking at houses, schools, shops, work and developments in transport. There are recordings in each exhibit with interviews with local people who tell their stories. If you ever wondered what life was like in the past, come and visit this spectacular exhibition. 50% off for all pupils and students.

d.

**Natural History: Dinosaurs**

e. We have a new exhibition of moving dinosaur models for adults and young people. Not recommended for children aged eight and under as the dinosaurs are very noisy and a bit frightening!

Na podstawie: <https://englishpracticetest.net>

1.	This museum is <u>not</u> suitable for little children.	
2.	This museum offers creative activities, which you don't have to pay for.	
3.	In this museum you can learn what everyday life was like for ordinary people in the 1920s and 1930s.	
4.	This museum is suitable for fans of vehicles dating back to ancient times.	
5.	This museum has a lot to offer for children of all ages, but parents will be involved, too.	
6.	In this museum you can see things being made and buy some unusual presents for your friends, especially girls.	

**Zadanie 3. (7 p.)**

Do każdej z reakcji (1.–7.) dobierz właściwą wypowiedź (a–k), która ją zainicjowała. Wpisz w wyznaczone miejsca litery odpowiadające właściwym wypowiedziom. Cztery wypowiedzi nigdzie nie pasują.

1. X: _____ Y: I'm afraid the red suitcase is too heavy.	a. Did your parents like the concert?
2. X: _____ Y: Thirty-eight.	b. What time does this train leave?
3. X: _____ Y: They loved it! The violin players were great.	c. Can I pay in cash?
4. X: _____ Y: It will be the end of the tournament for us.	d. How amazing that was!
5. X: _____ Y: I know, I couldn't believe it either.	e. What if we lose the match?
6. X: _____ Y: Two returns to Manchester, please.	f. Could you put your luggage here, please?
7. X: _____ Y: Certainly. May I ask what it is about?	g. What kind of ticket would you like?
	h. Thanks for help, bye!
	i. Can I speak to the manager, please?
	j. How about going to Manchester?
	k. What size are you?

**Zadanie 4. (6 p.)**

W każdą lukę wpisz **maksymalnie 4 wyrazy** w języku angielskim, tak abytrzymać spójne, poprawne logicznie i gramatycznie wypowiedzi. Formy skrócone, np. *I'm* czy *don't*, liczą się jako pojedyncze wyrazy.

1. *Customer*: These trousers look nice. \_\_\_\_\_ on?

*Shop assistant*: Of course, the changing rooms are over there.

2. *Classmate X*: How \_\_\_\_\_ school?

*Classmate Y*: I usually walk, but sometimes my dad drives me.

3. *Doctor*: \_\_\_\_\_ unusual yesterday?

*Patient*: I had spaghetti with heavy cream and prawns.

4. *Customer*: Do you have it in yellow?

*Shop assistant*: Sorry, we \_\_\_\_\_ stock at the moment.

5. *Mum*: Where \_\_\_\_\_ place?

*Son*: The concert is in the city park. Frank's dad will take us there.

6. *Pupil*: What kind \_\_\_\_\_ you use for rugby?

*Teacher*: To play rugby you need special boots, a mouthguard and shorts.

**Zadanie 5. ( 9 p.)**

Zaznacz formy (A, B, C lub D), które poprawnie uzupełniają każde ze zdań (1.-9.).

1. The adventure film was \_\_\_\_\_ boring that we walked out in the middle.  
A. such                    B. so                    C. too                    D. enough
2. Can you believe it? The kids \_\_\_\_\_ three pizzas already!  
A. ate                    B. were eating            C. have eaten            D. have been eating
3. All the students in my class are very friendly. We help \_\_\_\_\_ when in need.  
A. themselves            B. other                    C. another                    D. one another
4. It was \_\_\_\_\_ heavy luggage I was not able to carry it.  
A. so                    B. such                    C. such a                    D. so much
5. Did the two of you enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ at the party yesterday?  
A. ourselves            B. yourself                    C. yourselves                    D. themselves
6. Our new teacher explains everything \_\_\_\_\_ than our old teacher.  
A. more simply            B. relatively simple            C. the most simple            D. more simple
7. If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I wouldn't eat so many sweets.  
A. am                    B. would be                    C. have been                    D. were
8. Don't worry about Paul. He \_\_\_\_\_ at the railway station by his mum.  
A. would drop            B. would drop off            C. will drop off                    D. will be dropped off
9. We \_\_\_\_\_ her messages since last night. She must be worried!  
A. didn't check            B. wasn't checking            C. hasn't checked                    D. haven't been checking

**Zadanie 6. (7 p.)**

Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty zdań (1.-7.) podane w nawiasach, tak aby otrzymać zdania poprawne logicznie i gramatycznie. W każdą lukę wpisz **maksymalnie 6 wyrazów**.

1. Jon Watts (*pracuje jako reżyser*) \_\_\_\_\_ for 10 years.
2. I would visit Everglades National Park if (*pojechałbym do*) \_\_\_\_\_ Florida on my holiday.
3. What (*bystre dzieci*) \_\_\_\_\_ they are!
4. The water in this lake (*nie jest wystarczająco ciepła*) \_\_\_\_\_ to swim in at this time of the year.
5. My sister is (*tak uczulona na nabiat*) \_\_\_\_\_ that whenever she eats something containing milk, she gets an itchy rash.
6. How long (*ta piekarnia jest*) \_\_\_\_\_ closed?
7. She wanted (*usiąć bliżej*) \_\_\_\_\_ the front of the classroom as she couldn't see the board.

**Zadanie 7. (7 p.)**

Uzupełnij każdą lukę **maksymalnie 4 wyrazami**, wykorzystując wytłuszczone słowo bez zmiany jego formy, tak aby zdanie było w pełni poprawne. Zachowaj sens zdania wyjściowego. Formy skrócone, np. *don't*, liczą się jako pojedyncze wyrazy.

1. My brother is more careful than any other driver. **DRIVES**

My brother \_\_\_\_\_ than anyone else.

2. They were in such a rush they couldn't stop for lunch. **LITTLE**

They had \_\_\_\_\_ that they couldn't stop for lunch.

3. Will Sara get another chance? What do you think? **GIVEN**

Do you think Sara \_\_\_\_\_ another chance soon?

4. They haven't finished building the sports centre yet. **COMPLETED**

The sports centre \_\_\_\_\_ yet.

5. Although they are best friends, Jen often argues with Sue. **EACH**

Although they're best friends, Jen and Sue often \_\_\_\_\_.

6. The tour guide was so nice. **PERSON**

The tour guide was \_\_\_\_\_.

7. I never eat nuts because I get sick. **WOULD**

If I ate nuts, \_\_\_\_\_.

**Zadanie 8. (5 p.)**

Wpisz w wyznaczone miejsca litery odpowiadające wyrażeniom (a-j), które poprawnie uzupełniają poniższe zdania (1.-5.). Pięć wyrażeń nie pasuje do żadnego zdania.

a. baton	b. boss	c. candy bar	d. chef	e. composer
f. extra	g. promotion	h. reduction	i. scene	j. stage

1. Our winter sale includes a price \_\_\_\_\_ when you buy four items or more.

2. He started his acting career as a/ an \_\_\_\_\_ in a musical.

3. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the company is hiring some new employees at the moment.

4. The orchestra went on \_\_\_\_\_ and everyone applauded.

5. James brings his favourite \_\_\_\_\_ to school in his schoolbag every day.

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**Zadanie 9 (5 p.)**

W każdym ze zdań (1.-5.) skreśl jeden wyraz z brytyjskiej odmiany języka angielskiego (np. *autumn*) i zastąp go wyrazem z amerykańskiej odmiany (np. *fall*), tak aby zdania były w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. The performer sat down on the pavement and started his show. \_\_\_\_\_
2. You can buy this ointment at the nearest chemist's. \_\_\_\_\_
3. I need a new pair of trainers before the final. \_\_\_\_\_
4. There are a lot of biscuits in the red box. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Our new flat is much bigger than the previous one. \_\_\_\_\_

**Zadanie 10. (10 p.)**

Wpisz brakujące litery w wyróżnionych wyrazach, tak aby zdania były logiczne i poprawne.

1. You look sick. Why don't you make an **a** **u** **u** **n** **u** **n** **u** to see the doctor?
2. Both teams were well-prepared, so the final result of the match was a **u** **r** **u**. Therefore, they will play another match next week.
3. If you show your students card, you get a **u** **u** **u** **o** **u** **n** **u** on this ticket. It's 50% cheaper.
4. This phone is very nice, but terribly **o** **u** **u** **r** **u** **d**. I can't afford it.
5. Suddenly, the referee blew his **w** **u** **u** **l** **u** and brought the football game to a halt.
6. My favourite type of holiday **u** **c** **u** **m** **u** **d** **u** **u** **u** is our caravan. We don't like staying in 5-star hotels.
7. When they were buying this old painting, they thought it was a **m** **u** **u** **u** **u** **u** **e** but, unfortunately, it turned out to be worthless.
8. The flight attendant asked everyone to **f** **u** **u** **n** their seat belts because of turbulence.
9. Unfortunately, several passengers were **i** **u** **u** **e** **u** as a result of the accident. They were taken to hospital by an ambulance.
10. This artist wrote the **u** **y** **u** **c** **u** for most of their songs.

**Zadanie 11. (6 p.)**

Do każdego zdania (1.-6.) dobierz właściwe dokończenie, wpisując odpowiednią literę (a-i). Trzy dokończenia nie pasują do żadnego zdania.

- a. is a very deep lake in Scotland famous for its monster.
- b. is famous for its hot springs and geysers.
- c. is a large park in the middle of Manhattan in New York City.
- d. is one of the royal parks in London.
- e. is a theatre in London where Shakespeare's most famous plays were first performed.
- f. is a British prehistoric monument consisting of two circles.
- g. is a bridge that can move to accommodate the passage of boats and ships in London.
- h. is a royal building to study the stars.
- i. is one of the most famous sites in the San Francisco area.

1. Central Park	___
2. Yellowstone National Park	___
3. The Golden Gate Bridge	___
4. The Globe	___
5. Stonehenge	___
6. Loch Ness	___

**Zadanie 12. (6 p.)**

Uzupełnij zdania (1.-6.) o brakujące informacje, wpisując w każdą lukę **jeden wyraz** w języku angielskim, tak aby zdania były w pełni poprawne logicznie, ortograficznie i gramatycznie.

1. The Grand \_\_\_\_\_ is a British horse race held annually near Liverpool, in March or April; it attracts more attention throughout the world than any other horse race.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest stadium in the UK, with room for 90,000 fans. It is home to more than football – it's a global hotspot for concerts and shows.
3. This game called \_\_\_\_\_ is played by two teams of 15 players each with an oval ball. It originated in England in the first half of the 19th century. It is based on running with the ball in hand.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is an American name of a game in which two teams of 11 players try to send a ball into the goal of the opposing side without using their arms or hands.
5. Scotland's Highland \_\_\_\_\_ are events which take place across the country. They usually comprise a programme of field and track events, piping and Highland dancing competitions. They also include traditional Highland sports and like the tug-o-war, the hammer throw and tossing the caber.
6. The Stanley Cup Finals is the National \_\_\_\_\_ League annual championship series. The winner is awarded the Stanley Cup, North America's oldest professional sports trophy and one of the most important championships available to the sport.

