

KONKURS PRZEDMIOTOWY Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

dla uczniów szkół podstawowych

Zawody rejonowe

16.02.2023 r.

Na wykonanie wszystkich zadań przeznacza się **90 minut**.

Zadanie 1. (max 10 pkt)	Zadanie 2. (max 7 pkt)	Zadanie 3. (max 14 pkt)	Zadanie 4. (max 15 pkt)	Zadanie 5. (max 14 pkt)	Razem (max 60 pkt)

I. Uzupełnij poniższe zdania, wpisując w lukę odpowiednią formę wyrazu utworzonego od słowa podanego pod tekstem (1-10). Uzupełnienie (0) stanowi przykład. (0-10 pkt)

Factory Shopping

Factory shopping - where the producer sells (0) directly to the public - has grown greatly in (1) _____ in recent years. Some of the goods on sale are (2) _____, although often only the packing is damaged, others result from excess (3) _____ at the factory. Ferguson's Woollen Mills have a highly (4) _____ chain of factory shops (5) _____ Britain. Several shops offer a factory tour and an (6) _____ on cloth making and the history of the Scottish tartan which they (7) _____ in. At their Glasgow factory they have (8) _____ opened a restaurant and enlarged the car park. There is also a children's (9) _____ and work is continuing on (10) _____ to the shopping area which will increase the floor space by 60 %.

0 DIRECT

1. POPULAR
2. PERFECT
3. PRODUCE
4. SUCCESS
5. THROUGH
6. EXHIBIT
7. SPECIAL
8. RECENT
9. GROUND
10. IMPROVE

II. Przeczytaj uważnie poniższy tekst. W punktach 1-7 wybierz, zakreślając kółkiem, jedną z czterech propozycji (a, b, c, d) zakończenia zdań bądź odpowiedzi na pytanie odnoszące się do treści tekstu. (0-7 pkt)

Are you in search of an amazing place to go on holiday? Have you ever considered Iceland? 'Professional traveller,' Jake Heath has just returned from a fascinating trip to the historic second largest island in Europe and tells our readers about this impressive place.

When I got to Iceland, I was immediately struck by the unique natural beauty and absence of pollution. These things make the island stand out from other places, as it is truly untouched by those evils that have spoilt much of the rest of the world. One of the reasons that Iceland is such an amazing place is that about half of the island is made up of volcanoes and a mountainous lava desert. Who would imagine that a place with a name like 'Iceland' would feature landscape like that? Of course, Iceland also has several glaciers, or 'frozen rivers', and many fjords. Plus, it has more land covered by glaciers than anywhere else in Europe. So, when you think of it, the name Iceland does make sense after all!

When I was told that my trip to Iceland had been scheduled for the first week in January, what I expected was extreme cold. However, I was in for a surprise. The climate of Iceland is milder in winter than most people think. In Reykjavik, the average temperature in January is 5°C and although winds and gales are common in winter, thunderstorms are extremely rare. As it turned out, the weather was no obstacle to my expeditions to some fascinating places.

I have been travelling around the world for more than a quarter of a century, and I have been to several breathtaking natural wonders. Very few of them can be compared to the Great Geyser in Haukadalur in South Iceland. This geyser, or hot spouting spring, spouts hot water to a height of 60 metres, which is a truly remarkable and incredible sight! Another extraordinary sight I visited was the famous volcano of Hekla, one of the 200 active volcanoes in the country. During the Middle Ages it was believed to be the home of the damned. Its first recorded eruption was in AD 1104 and since then there has been a series of eruptions, some of which were gentle while others caused significant damage to the nearby countryside.

In addition to volcanic activity, Iceland is richer in hot springs and high temperature geothermal activity than any other country in the world! The inhabitants of Iceland are very creative and technologically advanced, and they have managed to harness the energy of their natural resources. They have built a power station which collects and uses the natural geothermal heat produced under the ground to meet the energy needs of the island. The Icelanders have also used geothermal heat for open-air swimming pools and spas, where people can enjoy a dip in the relaxing thermal water. Plus, these thermal spas are famous for their numerous health benefits. So, who wouldn't want to indulge in a stay at one of them?

57 – Naturally, I had made a reservation at one of the most popular spas, and *it* was an experience I will never forget!

What I found most difficult to get used to was the lack of daylight. You see in Iceland for two to three months of the year, there is continuous daylight, but from November to January there is an intensely dark period with only 2 to 3 hours of daylight per day. However, the breathtaking experience of seeing the Aurora Borealis, or Northern Lights, made up for this state of almost total darkness. This is a spectacular sight which you can admire especially well in Iceland on cold, clear nights from September to March. The sky lights up with many different colours caused by the interaction of particles from the sun with the earth's magnetic field.

About four fifths of the population of Iceland live near the capital, Reykjavik, and the surrounding coastal areas. The Icelanders are not characterised only by high standards of living and a high level of technology and education. Their culture is very rich with strong traditions in music, literature and art. Reykjavik has an annual cultural event every third week in August which attracts about 100,000 people from all over the world. This event offers numerous exciting types of entertainment, such as art

exhibitions, music concerts, fairs, fireworks displays and traditional Icelandic folk dances. Of course, throughout the year visitors can participate in a variety of fun activities. I myself particularly enjoyed riding on a famous Icelandic pony, river rafting, whale watching and hiking on glaciers.

Iceland is a land of contrasts and quite a unique place not only in terms of geographical features. The wild Icelandic landscape invites the adventurous traveller, and the Icelandic people set an example with their environmentally-friendly policies.

1. Why would one find it hard to believe that there are lots of volcanoes in Iceland?
 - a. Volcanoes are not usually found on islands.
 - b. Volcanoes are a very special geographical feature.
 - c. We do not usually associate volcanoes with ice.
 - d. Volcanoes can cause damage to glaciers.
2. When Jake Heath went to Iceland, the weather was
 - a. unusually mild
 - b. warmer than he had expected
 - c. as cold as he expected.
 - d. stormy but not very cold.
3. What is remarkable about the Great Geyser?
 - a. its location
 - b. the temperature of the water
 - c. its size
 - d. the height the water reaches
4. How does the Icelandic nation provide for some of its energy needs?
 - a. by having built a power station under the ground
 - b. by using geothermal sources to provide energy
 - c. by using advanced technology to heat water
 - d. by collecting and burning natural gas
5. What does the word ***it*** in line **57** refer to?
 - a. the spa
 - b. the reservation
 - c. making a reservation
 - d. staying at the spa
6. The Aurora Borealis
 - a. lasts for six months continuously.
 - b. occurs during daylight.
 - c. is a natural phenomenon.
 - d. is a state of total darkness.
7. What do we learn about the Icelanders from the extract?
 - a. They have a good quality of life.
 - b. They are too traditional.
 - c. Most of them live in Reykjavik.
 - d. They keep themselves busy by taking part in fun activities.

III. Uzupełnij poniższe zdania. Liczba kresek jest równa liczbie brakujących liter w wyrazie. Nie wolno zmieniać żadnej z podanych liter. (0-14 pkt)

1. Two trains **c _ _ l i _ _ d** head-on in north-eastern Germany early this morning.
2. There is **w _ _ e _ _ r _ _ d** support for the new proposals.
3. The spacecraft is specially insulated against extreme **v _ r _ _ t _ _ _ s** in temperature.
4. Her evaluation will give me a good **i _ d _ c _ _ _ o n** of where I stand in the class.
5. You'll need to **c _ l _ _ l _ _ e** how much time the assignment will take.
6. Under normal **c _ r _ _ m _ _ a _ _ _ s**, your white blood cells are able to fight infections.
7. It's not a hotel, in the **c _ _ v _ _ t _ _ _ _ l** sense, but rather a whole village turned into a hotel.
8. The bridge has **u _ d _ _ g _ _ e** a series of modifications and will be re-opened in two weeks.
9. She's an excellent tennis player who has won many **t _ _ r _ _ m _ _ _ s**.
10. Her claim was supported by the **t _ _ t _ _ o _ y** of several witnesses.
11. There is a growing **t _ _ d _ _ c _** for companies to employ people on short contracts.
12. The exercises are designed to **s _ r _ n _ t _ _ n** your stomach muscles.
13. **_ q _ _ e z _** the juice of half a lemon over each fish.
14. They began moving together to the **r _ _ t _ _ m** of the music.

IV. Przeczytaj poniższy tekst. W niektórych linijkach (1-15) występuje błąd – jedno zbędne słowo. Wpisz je w odpowiednim miejscu w kolumnie po prawej stronie (przykład 00). Jeśli dana linijka nie zawiera zbędnego wyrazu, wpisz symbol ✓ (przykład 0). (0-15 pkt)

Taken for a ride

A strange thing happened to me the other day

0	I was standing in our local town square, quite close	✓
00	to a group of 'bikers'. These such tall, unshaven young	such
1.	men with long hair were dressed all in the leather and looked quite threatening.	
2.	Suddenly, an elderly gentleman, who was wearing a smart	
3.	and brightly polished shoes walked up to the group	
4.	and started to watching them with a kind of nervous	
5.	interest. As I watched, he moved towards one particularly	
6.	magnificent large black machine and started to touch of it.	
7.	As the owner of the bike noticed, and started for to	
8.	walk towards where the elderly gentleman, I began to	
9.	worry about what it was going to happen. I couldn't	
10.	hear what they said to each and other, but I	
11.	watched in amazement as the biker offered the	
12.	man a crash helmet and too helped him onto the	
13.	motorbike. They then drove them into the traffic and off into the distance.	
14.	Five minutes later, they reappeared. The man was	
15.	helped off the bike by the group and, after with shaking hands	

with the bike's owner, left the group with an enormous smile on his face. For five minutes he had once again been 'one of the boys'.

V. Wybierz, zakreślając kółkiem, jedną z czterech propozycji (a, b, c, d) uzupełnienia luk w poniższych zdaniach. (0-14 pkt)

1. I wish I _____ those words. But now it's too late.

- a. not having said
- b. have never said
- c. never said
- d. had never said

2. _____ to offend anyone, she said both cakes were equally good.

- a. Not wanting
- b. As not wanting
- c. She didn't want
- d. Because not wanting

3. _____ in trying to solve this problem. It's clearly unsolvable.

- a. There's no point
- b. It's no point
- c. There isn't point
- d. It's no need

4. He _____ robbed as he was walking out of the bank.

- a. had
- b. did
- c. got
- d. were

5. _____ forced to do anything. He acted of his own free will.

- a. In no way was he
- b. No way he was
- c. In any way he was
- d. In any way was he

6. It _____ the best idea to pay for those tickets by credit card. It was too risky.

- a. may not have been
- b. may not be
- c. might not be
- d. must not have been

7. They _____ in the basement for three months.

- a. were made sleeping
- b. were made sleep
- c. were made to sleep
- d. made to sleep

8. _____ gifts to the judges.

- a. It's not allowed offering
- b. It's not permitted to offer
- c. It's not permitted offering
- d. It's not allowed offer

9. We were all very sad because George _____ to Berlin the following day.

- a. was leaving
- b. left
- c. will leave
- d. is leaving

10. I told her I admire everything _____ she's been doing.

- a. that
- b. what
- c. whom
- d. who

11. _____ amazing that we can all be here today.

- a. There is
- b. There seems
- c. It seems
- d. It turns

12. What _____ in my position? I had no other choice.

- a. would you dowrong
- b. would you have done
- c. had you done
- d. did you do

13. _____ they did when they were together was fight.

- a. All
- b. Which
- c. That
- d. It's

14. His apology wasn't enough _____ him.

- a. so I forgive
- b. for me to forgive
- c. that I forgave
- d. for me forgiving